

The Weekly Journal.

Volume 2.

CHICOPEE, SATURDAY, APRIL 28, 1855.

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Poetry.

LINES TO THE AMERICAN FLAG.

Hear up the standard! hear it high,
Until it flash against the sky—
The banner of the free.
Oh, let it then in splendor float,
To martial drum and bugle note,
That all the world may see.
And, gazing on its stripe and star,
Look for their freedom not afar,
But beaming in the east.
Ring forth the clarion's thrilling peal,
That every knight of heart and steel
May sit at freedom's feast.
Flag of the free! flag of the free!
Thine alone to claim the knee—
The homage of the brave.
The patriot would not deem it small,
That, when he fell, such funeral pall
Should fold him in his grave.
In many a fight of bloody field,
Who ever saw that standard yield?
Its bright stars fade away?
Forever through the din and smoke,
Like meteor on the foe it broke—
The lightning on its way.
Nailed to the mast-head, too, it flies,
Like eagle, to its homeward skies,
Disdaining to alight.
Flag of my country! proudly still
O'er every mountain, wave and hill,
Preserve thy glorious flight!

Select Tales.

RECLAIMING A GAMBLER. OR My Uncle's Stratagem.

BY CHARLES F. PRESTON.

It was the misfortune of Henry Huntly to come into possession of a large fortune, at the age of twenty-one. To term such an event a misfortune is, I am aware, contrary to the generally received ideas. But wealth is a possession as hazardous in some instances, as it is salutary in others. A young man should have firm and well-grounded principles to enable him to withstand the crowd of temptations which in such a case are sure to sweep down upon him.

Henry Huntly did not possess this safeguard. He had fine talents, an easy temper, and a frank, confiding disposition, which rendered him all the more liable to become the prey of sharpers. Had he been fortunate enough to possess parents, and brothers and sisters, their influence might have been sufficient to arm him against the allurements of dissipation, but his only relatives were his uncle Ralph, who had been his guardian, and his cousin Mary, the daughter of the latter, a beautiful girl, about three years younger than himself.

His uncle Ralph was not a genial man—one of those whose hearts speak from their eyes. He was reserved, and might have been considered harsh by those unacquainted with his real nature.

Possessed of the strictest integrity, he managed his nephew's affairs during his minority with the greatest care and providence, clearing away with the surplus of the income a somewhat formidable mortgage which had been incurred, so that at the age of twenty-one, Henry came into possession of an unencumbered estate of forty thousand dollars.

Aside from the interest to which his near relationship must give rise, Ralph had another reason for feeling interested in the welfare of Henry, since, during the minority of the latter, a strong affection had sprung up between him and his cousin Mary, which, with her father's consent, was to be ratified by marriage when the latter should attain the age of twenty.

During his college course Henry had become intimate with a number of gay companions of not the strictest principles, who gathered about him on his accession to his paternal estate, with the very benevolent design of assisting him to spend it.

Henry, with his customary want of suspicion, received their advances in the most cordial manner, as marks of friendship which he ought to repay in kindness.

When, after awhile, he was led to the gaming-table, he still failed to fathom their designs, though, after playing with him sufficiently to give him a fondness for the excitement attending gaming, they succeeded themselves to win considerable sums of money from him.

It was at this stage that his uncle Ralph sent for him, to remonstrate with him on his conduct.

"Henry," said he, in measured tones, "I have marked for some time the readiness with which you allow yourself to be made the dupe of designing men, whose only purpose is to strip you of your wealth, and then abandon you."

"Uncle," said Henry, a flush mantling his cheek, "you are surely mistaken—These men are my friends, and I would not for the world impute to them motives of so sordid and mercenary a character.—We are old-college friends, and I thank heaven that our friendship has lasted so long."

"Friends!" said his uncle Ralph, smiling sardonically; "I have no doubt of it—and I am seer enough to predict the length of time they will remain so."

"How long?"

"Till you have no longer a fortune to tempt their cupidity."

"Uncle, you judge harshly of the world. Do you not believe in friendship?"

"Yes; but that which the world calls so, is mostly counterfeit. One must be indeed dull of sight, or, as in your case, must let the warmth of his heart interpose before his vision, not to see through the thin veil of these friends of yours with half a glance."

"I can not agree with you, uncle," said Henry.

"Have the kindness to tell me how large a sum you have lost to these friends of yours at the gaming-table."

Henry hesitated, and was evidently embarrassed.

"Two thousand dollars, I believe."

"A strong indication of friendship," said his uncle, sarcastically.

"But I have won of them, too."

"I will wager that the whole amount of your gains has not been one hundred dollars, and, moreover, that all this was won in the first week of your noviciate at the gaming-table. Is it not so?"

Henry was silent. After a while, his uncle succeeded in extorting from him a promise never to gamble again. But, alas! for the strength of human resolutions.—That very night, on being invited and declining, Henry was rallied so unmercifully, that being not a little susceptible to ridicule, he finally consented to go, and in the excitement of a brilliant saloon, he soon became entirely oblivious of his uncle's admonitions, and mingled in the game with all the interest he had before felt.

A resolution once broken is of little value. The next night found Henry once more at the gaming-table, and every time but increased his taste for this dangerous amusement.

Finding from experience that all remonstrance with his nephew was unavailing, his uncle Ralph, whose interest in him was heightened by the fact of his being the betrothed husband of his daughter, resolved upon a different course.

He had in his employ a clerk, who, though now thoroughly honest and reliable, had once been an adroit gamester.—Had he adhered to this he might have continued in his course unharmed by the law. But unfortunately for him—or fortunately, as it proved—he undertook to add forgery to gaming, and this forgery was perpetrated upon Ralph Huntly.

Ralph with quick eye detected the fraud. He sent for the criminal—Edward Holden—and accused him of it. The latter, conscience-stricken, was obliged to admit the fact. He was aware that it would be useless to deny it in the face of such direct evidence as Mr. Huntly was able to bring forward. Nothing was left but to throw himself on the compassion of his accuser, and this he accordingly did.

The latter consented to hush up the matter, and even to receive the detected criminal as a clerk, provided he would make restitution of his ill-gotten gains, so far as it lay in his power, to his unfortunate victims.

This was better than imprisonment for years, and Holden saw that it was so.—He at once complied with the proposition.

It might have been thought hazardous in Ralph Huntly to receive a gamester and forger into the responsible position of a clerk, but, retaining in his hands the evidence of his crime, he knew that he held him in his power, and considered this the

best possible guarantee of his fidelity.

He judged rightly. Edward Holden was wholly reclaimed—to such an extent that the abstinence which at first was the fruit of compulsion, finally become a matter of choice, so that at length, even if left to his own free will, he would have avoided the gaming-table.

It was upon the co-operation of this man that Ralph Huntly relied to bring about the reformation of his nephew. By what means he expected to accomplish this, the reader will learn.

Early one morning he sent for his clerk, and abruptly addressed him:—

"I believe you have been a gamester?"

"Yes," said Holden, his face flushing with shame and confusion. "But I have long since repented of it."

"It is well. I did not send for you for the purpose of reproaching you for what is past. You were skillful, were you not?"

"If it were a thing to boast of, I should say that I rarely met a superior."

"Then you will be able to co-operate with me in my purposes. You know my nephew, Henry?"

"Well."

"And perhaps you may be also aware that he has lately been in the habit of frequenting a gaming-house."

"I have heard of it."

"I wish you to disguise yourself, and follow in his steps, track him to the gaming-house which he frequents, engage him, by what means you can best judge, to play with you, and then win from him his whole fortune."

"Sir," said Holden, bewildered, and scarcely trusting his ears.

"I mean what I say. The fortune thus won I shall keep in my hands in trust for him. He, supposing it irrevocably lost, will, from sheer necessity, be obliged to abandon his pernicious habit, and depend upon himself. When he has fairly reformed, I shall restore his estate to him, and explain the stratagem. This is the only plan I can devise to save him from ruin."

"It is a good one. I will engage in it with pleasure."

In a brilliantly lighted and handsomely furnished saloon were gathered a large number of persons, of every age and appearance, decrepit age to beardless youth. They were bending over tables in an attitude of nervous, even painful attention, watching with anxious solicitude the chances which might leave them wealthy or reduce them to beggary.

At one of these tables sat Henry Huntly. Opposite him was a stranger with a dark, heavy moustache, and whiskers, a pair of green spectacles, and a swartly complexion.

The reader, who is already acquainted with the details of the stratagem devised by Ralph Huntly, need not be informed that this man was Edward Holden disguised.

The latter had not ventured his own skill too highly. He seemed to have bribed fortune to favor him. Every throw of the dice advanced him one step towards success.

At length, Henry, excited by his losses, exclaimed:—

"I have one stake more to offer—my house and all it contains. If I lose that, I lose all."

"As you will," said his companion, composedly, and they commenced playing.

The result was as may be imagined.—Henry rose from the table a beggar. He staggered from the room as if totally overcome by this sudden change in his circumstances, and slowly wended his way to that dwelling which he could call his own no longer.

Ralph Huntly sat in his counting-room reading the morning paper. The door opened, and Henry made his appearance. It was evident from his haggard look that he had not slept during the preceding night.

"Well, nephew," said Mr. Huntly, inquiringly, "you wish to see me?"

"To throw myself on your mercy, uncle, to confess in shame that I have neglected your admonitions, and that the consequences have fallen heavily upon me."

"Explain yourself."

"Alas! I can do that most easily—I am a beggar."

"You have gambled your property away!"

"You have said it."

"It is as I expected," said his uncle, coldly resuming his reading.

"Have you no word of consolation—even of reproach for me, uncle? That would do better than this cold silence."

"You have marked out your path. You can reap as you have sown."

"Then you leave me to myself?"

"Yes."

"And your daughter Mary—" gasped Henry.

"Shall never marry a man in whose stability of character I can have no confidence."

"But I will reform. I will prove to you that I am not past reclaiming."

The uncle looked coolly incredulous.

"I will, so help me heaven!"

"In that case, of which perhaps there may be one chance in a thousand, I will receive you back to your old footing. You promise it?"

"I do."

"Enough. I shall remind you of it some day."

Henry left the room. His uncle did not even look up from the paper to watch his departure.

Henry had an interview with Mary, in which, though greater warmth of feeling was exhibited on her part, she reiterated her father's determination, that she should be unwilling to confide her happiness to his charge until she could have more confidence in his stability of character. Henry was wounded by this distrust, but could not help owing to himself that he had given ample grounds for it.

Henry was nearly penniless. It was essential that he should find employment and that speedily. The advances which he had made to his old friends who had won so much of his money, were coldly refused, and he had too much independence of feeling to renew them.

He bethought himself of obtaining a clerkship, but the merchants to whom he applied, aware in what manner he had lost his fortune, did not venture to try him. Under these circumstances he formed a sudden determination. Taking the cars, he rode some thirty miles into the country, where he was unknown, and with a small valise, containing the whole of his worldly possessions, in his hand, proceeded towards the village.

It was a quiet country town, embosomed among the hills. In the village itself there were some fifty houses, two churches, a store, and an academy. The last named building was located on a rising ground, and commanded a very pleasant prospect.

Henry made his way to the village store and seated himself on a settee on the piazza in front. Two others were seated beside him. They were conversing about the weather, the crops, and other topics of interest to themselves.

"Do you know," one of them casually inquired, "who is appointed to take charge of the academy, now that Mr. Alden has given it up?"

"No one has been appointed as yet," was the reply, "and no choice will be made until a larger number of applications has been received."

The conversation was now diverted to other topics, but for these Henry cared not. He wished to learn something further respecting the school.

"Can you tell me," he quietly asked, addressing the last speaker, "to whom applications for the post of teacher in the academy are to be addressed?"

"Certainly, sir," he replied, looking rather curiously at Henry. "Mr. Merriweather, the chairman of the trustees. He lives opposite."

"Thank you," said Henry.

Without hesitation, he proceeded to the house indicated, and knocked. He was ushered into a small study, in which sat Rev. Mr. Merriweather, of whom he was in search.

"Mr. Merriweather," I believe?"

"You are right."

"I am informed that the academy in your town is without a teacher, and that you are the proper person to receive applications for the post."

Mr. Merriweather inclined his head in the affirmative.

"My name is Huntly," continued Henry; "I am a college graduate, and should like to be considered a candidate. May I inquire whether you have received any other applications?"

"None," replied the minister; "at least none to whom we would be willing to intrust the school. Have you experience in teaching?"

"I have not," said Henry.

"It would be a recommendation," said Mr. Merriweather. "However, there must always be a beginning, and in some cases new teachers prove the best. I suppose you have testimonials of scholarship?"

"I have none with me, but can easily procure them. I will write by the next post to the professors of the institution with which I was connected."

"It is well thought of. As to your chances of success, I own I am prepossessed in your favor, and have little doubt that you will obtain the situation."

"When I receive the testimonials I will call on you once more."

"If I should wish to see you in the meantime, where shall I find you?"

"I hardly know," said Henry, hesitating. "I have just arrived in town. Have you a hotel?"

"Unfortunately we have not. If it would suit your wishes, you can stay with me until you secure a boarding-place. I don't know, in fact, but we could board you here, if you should obtain the school."

Henry thanked Mr. Merriweather heartily, and procuring his valise, was speedily ushered into a pleasant chamber.

"After all," thought he, "fortune is not so unkind. I have been in the town scarce half an hour, and have already made a pleasant acquaintance, secured a boarding-place, and stand a good chance to procure a situation, which, if it will not enable me to live in luxury, will at least support me comfortably."

Henry immediately sent for the testimonials required. These, which he obtained without difficulty, for he had been a superior scholar in college, secured his election to the post of instructor in the academy.

Here let us leave him for the present—merely remarking that he discharged the duties of his new office to the general satisfaction. He began more clearly to comprehend the true end of existence; and those temptations which had so many attractions for him formerly, speedily lost all their charms. He was fast acquiring that stability of character in which he had been so deficient.

Let us now look into the breakfast-room of Ralph Huntly, after eighteen months have elapsed. The morning meal is just closed. Mary, who was not yet risen from her seat, is looking upon the carpet, in thoughtful silence.

"Have you heard anything of cousin Henry since he left the city?" asked she, at length.

"Not a word. I do not know in what part of the world he may be," was the reply.

"It is strange he does not write," added Mary.

"If he had anything favorable to write about himself, I think he would not have remained so long silent."

At that moment the postman's knock was heard. A letter was placed in Mr. Huntly's hand. Glancing rapidly at the signature, he uttered an exclamation of surprise:—

"It's from Henry," he said. "I'll read it aloud." The letter was as follows:—

"DEAR UNCLE:—You will no doubt be surprised to learn that for the past eighteen months I have been enacting the part of a country pedagogue, and, I can say it without vanity, with no little success. You may ask why I have remained silent so long. It is simply this: I was unwilling to write until I had complete confidence in my own thorough reformation.—My self-distrust has disappeared. May I remind you of the promise which you made me in that event—the bestowal of Mary's hand? I do not intend to remain in my present position. A life of business would suit me better. If you have vacant the place of clerk in your establishment, and are willing to grant it to me, I will gladly accept it. I have no fortune to offer Mary. If she will accept me as I am, I will repay her with my care and gratitude."

"Your affectionate nephew,
HENRY HUNTLY."

Ralph Huntly looked at his daughter.

"It is for you to answer," he said.

What the purport of that answer was, may be conjectured from the fact that it so

brought Henry immediately to the city, where he was shortly afterwards united in marriage with his cousin.

After the marriage, to his unbounded astonishment, the title-deeds of his former estate were placed in his hands.

"You have been weighed in the balance," said his uncle, "and not found wanting. Since you have learned to control yourself, you can safely be entrusted with a fortune."

Henry never regretted his temporary loss of fortune. He regards it, and rightly, as the primary cause of the measure of happiness which he now enjoys. Uncle Ralph has now become a grandfather, and even his dignity can not withstand the fascinations of childhood.

For the Weekly Journal.

BOYS.

"I don't want to be president of the U. States; I want to be a man just like my father." Such was the language of little James Bell to his sister Susan, when she told him he would yet become president. His ideas of greatness were centered in his father, and his highest ambition was to be like him. This is the case with the generality of boys. It is not the mother they try to imitate, but the father. They are men in miniature. Then why is it that a father's influence and example are reckoned as nothing in the formation of his son's disposition and habits? A father who prefers to devote his leisure hours to enliven shops and saloons with coarse jests and profanity, instead of devoting them to his family, where his presence is required to make a perfect and beautiful household, ought not to be surprised if he meet his boy on the street at nightfall, or shocked if he hear an oath from his youthful lips. If a father can cheat and be a christian, what inducement has his boy to be honest? The divine precept, "Love thy neighbor as thyself," would not accord with such an example.

The autobiography of Barnum is read with interest by men, and his boasted trickery and chicanery, instead of being condemned, is lauded and laughed at. Their boys are led to regard the ambition that prompted him in his youth to peddle a jug of new rum with a few cherries in it, on training days, to make a little money, as something honorable and praise-worthy.—It is this that makes boys prematurely old. Men have lost the clean honor and integrity of manhood. The principles of dishonesty are engrafted into the spirit of the age, and the boys are thoroughly imbued with it. When men learn to "deal justly," "love mercy," and "walk humbly before God," then, and not till then, will there be a change in the boys. JENNIE.

SIZE OF LONDON.

London extends over an area of 78,029 acres or 122 square miles, and the number of its inhabitants, rapidly increasing, was some 2,362,219 on the day of the last census. A conception of this vast mass of people may be formed by the fact that, if the metropolis were surrounded by a wall, having a north gate, a south gate, an east gate and a west gate, and each of the four gates was of sufficient width to allow a column of persons to pass out freely, four abreast, and a pre-emptory necessity required the immediate evacuation of the city, it could not be accomplished under four-and-twenty hours, by the expiration of which time the head of each of the four columns would have advanced a no less distance than seventy-five miles from their respective gates, all the people being in close file, four deep.

If we were only half as lenient to the living as we are to the dead, how much happier might we render them, and from how much vain and bitter remorse might we be spared, when the grave, "the all atoning grave," has closed over them.

STOVES.—A new stove has been invented for the comfort of travelers. It is put under the feet and a mustard plaster upon the head, which draws the heat through the whole system.

WOODEN BABY.—A beggar woman at Chicago was recently detected in carrying around a wooden baby for the purpose of working upon the sympathies of the public.

A rash and somewhat deluded young man has threatened to apply the Maine law to his sweetheart, she intoxicates him

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JAMES C. PRATT, Editor.

GOV. REEDER.

In this age of whiffing and political demagoguism, it is refreshing to see a man stand up boldly in defense of the right, as Gov. Reeder has done in Kansas.

Gov. Reeder has been surrounded by Missourians, who have threatened his life if he would not follow their dictation.

It requires no small amount of moral courage for a man to stand up boldly as he has done, in the face of drunken desperadoes, who think the killing of a human being is a thing of small account.

The Missourians not only act like brutes, but show themselves destitute of common shrewdness.

They also passed resolutions in reference to several Methodist clergymen charged with inclining toward free soilism, threatening to hang them if they did not leave the state!

Missourians! go on with your infamous work! You are doing more for anti-slavery than a regiment of free soil levies could do.

But these misguided men are naturally no worse than any of us. They have been brought up amid the influences of a system which degrades humanity.

The cheapness of the much-vaunted "popular sovereignty" doctrine has been fairly shown by the doings lately carried on.

Hope on, hope ever.

HENRY A. GOFF.

About a fortnight ago, news was received in Chicopee of the death, by accident, of Henry A. Goff, formerly of this village.

Mr Henry A. Goff, one of the dressing room overseers at the Reading cotton mill, fell from the floor in the fourth story.

The door (from which Mr. Goff fell) is five feet wide, and often kept open to admit fresh air.

The deceased was buried in the Charles Evans Cemetery. His funeral was attended by all the operatives of the cotton mill.

The Hampshire Gazette says that Mr. C. D. Dickinson, of North Hadley, has left at that office two hen's eggs, from the common Shanghai, one of which measures 7 3/4 by 6 1/2 inches.

The editor of the Greenfield Republic says that Master B. F. Leach, of Leverett, has sent him a pullet's egg, which measures 8 inches one way, and 6 the other.

The Greenfield Gazette says that Master Edward W. Sparhawk, of that village, has a pullet which laid, a few days since 2 eggs, which measured 7 3/4 inches by 6 3/4 each, and weighed together half a pound.

The Legislature.—A short session was predicted, but "the days of prophecy have passed." The present legislature seems to be in no particular hurry about getting through with its labors.

The Nunnery Committee.—It is hoped the newspapers will, some time, get thro' talking about the nunnery committee.

Europe.—The chances for peace seem to be growing "beautifully less," notwithstanding Palmerston is very desirous for it.

Chicopee News.—Local news is scarce this week. We have anxiously inquired for the article of every man who has come into the office during the week.

The Universalist sabbath school exhibition, on Tuesday evening passed off finely—so those say who attended.

The publisher (not the editor) of the Chicopee Journal is sadly afflicted with rheumatism in the lower limbs.

Who is George? and who is Sarah? We have been unable to find out. The above was probably written and pinned to the tree for the purpose of humbugging people.

Voted.—That the sum of one thousand dollars be raised by tax the ensuing year, for the purpose of defraying the current expenses of the district, and liquidating its debt.

April 24, James O'Connor was arrested by officer Swift, and brought before Geo. M. Stearns, Esq. for examination, on complaint of Agnes, his wife, charging him with being a drunkard.

Some three years ago, O'Connor was one of the most respectable citizens of this town; but his virtues have departed, for he is now a common drunkard.

John Dallan was arrested by officer Swift, and brought before Amory Doolittle, Esq., on complaint of Margaret Whalan, charging him with having committed the crime of assault and battery upon her.

Moses Murphy was arrested by officer Swift, and brought before Geo. M. Stearns, Esq. for examination, on complaint of Mary Murphy, for assault and battery. Fined \$1 and costs. Paid.

GEN. POMEROY. The following is an extract from a letter from the "seat of war," written by General S. C. Pomero, formerly of Southampton, Hampshire county:

"Gov. Reeder has stood up like a man. The members elected by Missouri votes held a meeting, and voted to go to the governor and demand their certificates; if he refused, then to request him to resign his office, or they would shoot him.

Friend Pratt, of the Chicopee Journal, has been traveling over the past year, and thinks things look brighter now than they did a year ago; well, they "orter," they've been scoured enough during the last twelve months.—Halyoke Telegraph.

OUR SILVER COINAGE.—The silver, says the Washington Union, contained in the gold from California, is not included in the statement made by the United States mint.

The sum issued of silver coins at the reduced standard weight, authorized by the act before mentioned, is as follows: In 1853, \$9,654,161; in 1854, \$8,619,270.

PLENTY OF GRAIN AFTER ALL.—The Buffalo Republic rebukes the croaking about the scarcity of flour at present in this country, and states that it is in possession of information which fully warrants the expectation that the following quantities will arrive at that port this season:

RUSSIAN CITIES.—Russia is almost devoid of an urban population. St. Petersburg, Moscow and Odessa are the only cities where the population exceed 100,000.

NOVEL RELIGIOUS MOVEMENT.—Gerrit Smith, Beriah Green, and a few other spirits of that order, have lately been holding a meeting of several days at Oswego.

THE RUSSIAN TROOPS.—According to an Odessa letter, the Russian troops in the Crimea are to be formed into two armies—one under the command of General Osten-Sacken, occupying the banks of the Tchernaya; and the other under General Read, operating against the Turks in Eopatoria.

THE USE OF A RELIGION.—Some of the New York saloon keepers declare that they are Jews, and plead an ordinance that allows Jews to open their stores Sundays.

IMPORTS.—The Journal of Commerce says the most notable change in the imports of New York, during the quarter, has been in railroad bars, the value of which is only \$152,683, against \$594,415 for the first quarter of last year.

BLUE BRIDGE TUNNEL.—This work has progressed through all its difficulties 3,050 feet; the remaining 1,200 feet will probably offer no further difficulty than the hardness of the rock.

PRODUCE AND LUMBER.—Large quantities of produce and lumber are constantly arriving at Oswego from Canada, exhibiting the effects of the reciprocity treaty.

HENRY CLAY has said a nation's character is the sum of its splendid deeds; they constitute one common patrimony, the nation's inheritance.

LEGISLATIVE LITERARY FOOD.—Of the Boston daily papers, the members of the legislature take of the Telegraph 222 copies, Bee 206 copies, Journal 99, Atlas 75, Post 68, Traveler 46, Advertiser 42, Transcript 18, Courier 14, Chronicle 10, Herald 9, Times 4, Mail 2.

POWER OF COCOA.—Professor Solstone, in his "Chemistry of Common Life," states, that by the use of cocoa leaf, the Peruvian Indians undergo the most incredible labor.

MATT WARD.—It appears that Matt J. Ward, who shot the school-master Butler, is the great lion of the streets of New-Orleans.

A NOVEL THEORY.—A new idea with regard to the cholera was started a short time since by an American physician.

THE BAPTIST ANNIVERSARIES.—The Baptist anniversaries, which occur on the second week of next month, are to be held this year at Chicago.

THE ALLIES.—A letter from a French officer of rank says, since the first landing of the troops in Turkey, 80,000 men and 40,000 horses have perished.

LIBERIA.—By an arrival at Boston we have some interesting news from Liberia. One of the acts of the legislature at its last session was the adoption of a stringent prohibitory liquor law.

POSTAGE STAMPS.—The change in the postage law, requiring the postage of letters to be in all cases paid in advance, has caused a tremendous rush upon the department at Washington.

PAPER.—A correspondent of the Scientific American suggests that as a difficulty exists in getting white paper to print upon, that black paper might be substituted.

STATISTICAL.—There are on the earth, 1,000,000,000 inhabitants. Of these, 33,333,333 die every year, 91,824 every day, and 60 every minute, or 1 every second.

NOR BAD.—A teacher at a national school at Whittlesey, (England) recently asked a boy which is the highest dignity of the church.

DEMIDOFF, the richest prince in Europe, has offered his large fortune, the income of which is \$200,000 a year, to the emperor of Russia, to carry on the war.

MR. HISS.—It is rumored that in case the know nothings succeed in the next presidential election, Mr. Hiss of Boston will be appointed governor of Utah.

LIBERAL.—Reuben Dunn, of Waterville, Me., has given \$7000 to aid in the Methodist Biblical Institute at Concord N. H.

THERE'S MONEY ENOUGH.—Eight thousand five hundred square miles of this earth's surface are devoted to the culture of tobacco. The quantity annually produced has been recently estimated to be four and a half billions of pounds, or four and a half pounds for each inhabitant.

DEATHS.—Ex-governor Seabrook, of S. Carolina, is dead. Mrs. Nichols, the authoress, better known by the name of "Currier Bell," died at her home in Halworth, England, on the 31st ult.

Private letters from Ceylon mention the death, by cholera, of the Rev. Daniel Poor, a missionary of the American Board.

Hon. Elihu Cutler, of Holliston, a member of the senate last year from Middlesex county, committed suicide Tuesday, by hanging himself. He was insane.

James Johnson, a prominent merchant, of the firm of Johnson, Sewall & Co. of Boston, died suddenly of paralysis, Thursday morning, aged 72.

LOSS OF STEAMER TEXANA.—ONE LIFE LOST.—Vicksburg, April 19.—The steamer Texana, (formerly the Frank Pierce) with a cargo of 2,200 bales of cotton, bound for New Orleans, took fire at 3 o'clock yesterday morning in Yazoo river.

A state temperance convention will be held in Boston Tuesday, May 8, in the Tremont Temple, commencing at 9 o'clock a. m.

In a recent speech, Mr. Crane, of Virginia, made the following oratorical flight: "I pledge myself to you, and to the world, if old Rauldolph don't give a large majority for Wise, I'll seize the highest nob of Cheat mountain within her limits, by the shaggy tops of its gigantic chestnut oaks, and sling it clear into the Pacific ocean."

"CALLING NAMES."—A new born daughter of the countess of Trepani, was christened on the 9th of January, at Naples, with the brief name of Marie Theresa Ferdinanda Immaculate Conceptive Sabathia Lucia Philomina. The queen of the Two Sicilies was her sponsor.

A society has been formed in De Soto, Iowa, by persons desirous of "maintaining a character of sobriety in that town," for the purpose of tearing down and demolishing the premises of such as sell liquor contrary to law.

LARGE ACCESSIONS TO THE CHURCH.—At the next communion, one hundred and twenty-three persons are to be received in to the Rev. Dr. Hatfield's (presbyterian) church, in New York city.

EARTHQUAKES.—No certain theory is formed on the cause of earthquakes: but the most general and rational ascribe them to steam and the force of gasses formed by water and metallic oxides.

An old toper was overheard the other day advising a young man to get married, "because then my boy you'll have somebody to pull off your boots when you go home drunk."

Mrs. SARAH GREGG, late of Norwalk, Conn., has bequeathed \$15,000 to Trinity college, Hartford, and \$3,000 to the Protestant Episcopal church in Norwalk.

Mrs. Partington expresses great apprehension that the people of California will bleed to death, as every paper announces that another vein has been opened.

JOE SMITH.—A street preacher has appeared in St. Louis, Mo., proclaiming that he is Joe Smith, the prophet, raised from the dead.

From our New York Correspondent.

After the unusual mixing up of the months, which has marked the present year, January and March having exchanged places, and February seeming to be December, it is quite gratifying to find April showing its own peculiar characteristics.

Laws of Health.—Children should be taught to use the left hand as well as the right. Coarse bread is much better for children than fine.

Children under seven years of age should not be confined over six or seven hours in the house, and that should be broken by frequent recesses.

Children and young people must be made to hold their heads up and their shoulders back while sitting or walking.

The best remedy for eye, weakened by night use, is a fine stream of water frequently put into them.—Cal. Far.

Healthy Females.—Tight lacing is becoming more and more unfashionable; hence the greater amount of health among the female sex.

Our theory, after many years of experience, is to use the most simple, and as little as possible, so as merely to assist nature to throw off disease and recover health with the least possible use of medicines.

A Literary Nation.—The U. S. census says there are 239 colleges in the country.

Holloway's Pills a certain Remedy for Indigestion and Liver Complaint. Maria Armstrong (27) of Edgartown, New Jersey, suffered more than most people from indigestion.

MARRIED.—In this village, April 26th, by Rev. Geo. A. Oviatt, Mr. Marshall Partridge, to Miss Ann Davis, both of Chicago.

NOTICE.—I HEREBY give notice that the partnership heretofore existing between ORSAMUS M. WARREN & LEWIS E. MORSE, under the firm of Warren & Morse, in Chicago, has been dissolved.

REMOVAL.—THE subscribers would inform their friends and the public generally that they have removed their stock of goods to the spacious store in Union Block, next door to H. Rice, Jr., where they are now opening a very large and well selected assortment of Boots, Shoes, and READY MADE CLOTHING.

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Clothing! Clothing!

Large and attractive stock for SPRING SUITING at WILSON'S CO'S. Popular Clothing Hall.

CLOTHS! CLOTHS! A very large stock, almost entirely new, in German, French, English and American Broadcloths, Vestings, Dressings, and Fancy Styles.

NEW OPENING. BUCKINGHAM & CO. HAVING purchased the stock of goods belonging to the late Messrs. L. & J. B. B. & Co., we have now opened in this city, a new and improved store.

A MARVELOUS REMEDY! FOR A MARVELOUS AGE. HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT. The Grand External Remedy.



Sore Legs, Sore Breasts, Wounds & Ulcers. Some of the most scientific surgeons now rely solely on the use of this wonderful Ointment when having to cope with the worst cases of sores, wounds, ulcers, glandular swellings, and tumors.

Union Boot & Shoe Store. G. A. MANFIELD. Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Boots, SHOES, RUBBERS, LEATHER FINDINGS.

F. & F. RICE, WHOLESALE GROCERS, 115 & 118 STATE STREET, BOSTON.

BROCKETT & DANIEL, Starle and Fancy Goods, From Auction for Cash, No. 72 Milk, cor. of Congress street, Boston.

GREAT BARGAINS IN PIANOFORTES. Prices from \$50 to \$150. At OLIVER DITSON'S 115 Washington street, Boston.

BOSTON CARDS.

JAMES FRENCH & CO., 78 WASHINGTON STREET, BOSTON. DEALERS in all kinds of BOOKS and STATIONERY, of every variety.

New England Wire Railing MANUFACTORY, Nos. 90 & 92 Utica Street, Boston.

BERRY & STRONG, Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Cabinet Furniture, Feathers, Beds, Mattresses, Clocks, Looking Glasses, &c.

CLARE BREWER & SONS, SNUFF, TOBACCO, & CIGAR MANUFACTURERS, 14 SOUTH MARKET STREET, BOSTON.

JOHN D. FOWLE & Co., Manufacturers of FOWLE'S Improved Spring Curled Fixtures, a new and superior kind of Press, Ship and Gunmetal Screws, Nuts, Washers, Wagon and Tinman Screws, Sledges, Hammers and every article generally used by Machinists and Shipbuilders.

MACHINISTS TOOLS. Dodge, Gilbert & Co., No. 108 State st., BOSTON.

CONCORD GRAPE. HOVEY & CO., No. 7 Merchants' Row, have now ready for sale Mr. Bell's New and Superior Seedling, the best of which has been placed in the market.

Comer's Commercial College, 139 WASHINGTON STREET, BOSTON.

AMARIAH STORRS, dealer in every variety of Cards, Card Board, R. R. Ticket Stock, Fancy Papers, etc.

Splendid Family Newspaper, PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY. THE AMERICAN UNION.—No continued Stock advertisement.—Each number complete in itself.

ARTISTS MATERIALS. COMPLETE supplies of materials for Oil Painting and Crayon and Water Colors. Wholesale and retail by M. J. WHIPPLE, 33 Cornhill, Boston.

BOSTON CARDS.

DR. R. GREEN, M. D., INDIAN PHYSICIAN, No. 38 Bromfield street, Boston.

DR. GREEN'S INDIAN PANACEA. For sale in Providence, by Chandler & Colver, agents.

Land Warrants Secured for Soldiers & Seamen. UNDER the act of 1855, who were in actual service 14 days under State of U. S. Officers, in the war of 1812, Florida War, or War with Mexico, and for their widows and children, now minors, unless 100 acre warrants have already been obtained, and who warrants less than 100 acres have been obtained, new ones will be secured sufficient to make up that amount on appearance in person, or by letter to HENRY WOODMAN, 25 Railroad Exchange, Court Square, who pays cash for the warrants.

CHARLES COPELAND, CONFECTIONER, 85 & 87 COURT STREET, BOSTON.

LANE & WHEELER, STATIONERS and Account Book Manufacturers, Dealers in American, French and English Stationery and Agents for Owen & Hartnett's celebrated Writing Papers, and Shipley's Best Tissue.

The Best Known Remedies FOR LUNG DISEASES. A. R. B. H. W. WARE'S family celebrated "Inhalant Balm," "Pulmonic Cherry Cordial" and "Compound Cold Liver Oil."

N. WATERMAN, Kitchen Furniture and Tin Ware Manufacturer, Nos. 82 & 84 Cornhill, and 6 & 8 Battle street, BOSTON.

HISTORY OF CALIFORNIA, FROM ITS DISCOVERY to the Present Time. COMPRISING a full description of its climate, soil, surface, rivers, towns, beasts, birds, fishes, state of society, agriculture, commerce, mines, mining, &c., &c. W. H. P. F. P. P.

BURR & PERRY, No. 1 Cornhill, Boston. Offer for sale the largest assortment of English and American Patent Medicines, Hair Dyes, Hair Restoratives, Perfumery, Toilet Articles, &c.

Buy Me & Pill do You Good. 25¢ Only 25 cents for a pint, and 37½ cents for a quart. Bottle. 23

Dr. Langley's Root and Herb Bitters. THE GREAT Spring and Summer Medicine, &c. CORCORAN & CO.

CLOTHING.

THE subscriber has just laid in a large stock of READY MADE CLOTHING for spring...

READY MADE CLOTHING.

We have in store a splendid assortment of Coats, Pants, Vests, Overalls, Shirts, Bosoms, Collars, HANDKERCHIEFS, SACKS, HATS...

WESTERN RAILROAD—Winter Arrangements.

Commencing MONDAY, Dec. 11th, 1854. Passenger Trains leave Springfield as follows...

CONNECTICUT RIVER RAILROAD.

Passenger trains leave Springfield to connect with all railroads North and West...

NOTICE.

THE subscriber having been regularly licensed by the town of Chicopee as an Auctioneer...

SPRINGFIELD ADVERTISEMENTS.

The Subscribers

Have received a full stock of SPRING GOODS, BEING full Sixty Thousand Dollars...

Large and Rich STOCK OF GOODS

SPRING SALES, AT WILSON & CO.'S

Great Dry Goods Warehouse, SPRINGFIELD. WILSON & CO. have now in store a stock of Goods...

Carpets! Carpets.

WILSON & CO., Springfield, can now offer the largest stock of CARPETS Ever offered in this part of the State...

Paper Hangings, GREAT STOCK

AT WILSON & CO.'S PAPER HANGING ROOMS, the largest in Springfield or the county...

WEEKLY JOURNAL.

A FAMILY NEWSPAPER. D. B. Potts, Publisher. OFFICE IN THE ROOM UNDER CABOT HALL.

NOTICE!

The subscriber intending to make a complete change in his business...

Auction and General Commission Store—No. 4, Exchange St.

THE subscriber intends to carry on the Auction and Commission business...

Letter and Account Paper

Envelopes, Stationery, upwards of 1000 volumes of standard and other publications...

KERSHAW & CO., Manufacturers of

Fire Proof Safes, Patent Powder Proof Locks, Bank Vaults, Steel Lined Chests, &c.

By Royal Letters Patent, THE HY ROMEGEN, OR WATERPROOF, ANTI-CONSUMPTIVE CORK SOLES.

MANUFACTURED BY HARCOURT, BRADLEY & CO 44 Market street, Manchester.

THE CHEST.

Sir ASTLEY COOPER BART, M.D. THE EMINENT MEDICAL PRACTITIONER, HAS LEFT A VALUABLE LEGACY TO THE WORLD...

Medicated Fur Chest Protector.

TO all persons of all ages and conditions, as a cure for the consumption of the lungs...

RETAIL PRICES.

GENT'S SIZE, 1.00 each. LADIES' SIZE, .75 do. Boys & Misses do. .50 do.

MEDICATED INHALATION.

Consumption can be cured, as treated by Dr. E. N. Trist.

Hygienic & Oxygenic Vapor!

DR. TRIST, graduate of the Royal College of Surgeons in London...

THE GREAT KENTUCKY REMEDY!

DR. JOHN BULL'S SARSAPARILLA. This medicine, when used according to directions...

DR. JOHN BULL'S SARSAPARILLA.

As a preparatory to the hundreds of eminent physicians who have examined the recipe by which this medicine is prepared...

THE BEST MEDICINE IN USE.

Dr. Clough's Columbian Pills, For Purifying the Blood, unloading the Liver, Fringing the Passages, Stimulating the action each Organ, producing Healthy Blood.

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CRAMP AND PAIN KILLER.

The world is astonished at the wonderful cures prepared by CURTIS & PERKINS...

WILD CHERRY BITTERS.

For the cure of Bile and Jaundice complaints, and general debility. They quicken the blood and give new life and energy to the whole system.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP, FOR CHILDREN TEETHING.

For the Nervous Affections, Convulsions, Fever, inflammation of the Bowels, &c.

REST TO THE MOTHER

And Relief and Health to the Infant. A child on Congress Street was cured by the Soothing Syrup of Dr. J. C. Hoag...

Spring & Dry Goods Trade at Springfield PLIMPTON BROTHERS

Have now made arrangements to furnish the public with a full assortment of DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN DRY GOODS...

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CURL YOUR HAIR.

The receipt for making this Celebrated Compound, lately introduced into this country...

MOST BEAUTIFUL.

By the use of this article. The ingredients will do not cost over 20 cents, and with this receipt any one can make it equally good in every respect...

Doctor Yourself.

The Pocket Esculapian, Or, Everyone his own Physician. THE Fifteenth Edition, with one hundred engravings...

Another Scientific Wonder!

Dr. J. S. HOUGHTON'S GREAT DYSPEPSIA CURE! THE TRUE DIGESTIVE FLUID OR GASTRIC JUICE The Great Natural Remedy.

INDIGESTION & DYSPEPSIA

Dr. J. S. HOUGHTON'S PEPSIN, the true DIGESTIVE FLUID, OR GASTRIC JUICE, holds the first place among all the various remedies for those painful and destructive complaints.

EASTMAN'S Infallible Sick Headache REMEDY.

HAS been used in private practice for the last four years, with the greatest success. A radical cure has been effected in every instance where the directions have been strictly followed...

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